## Winter Interim Study Guide

- 1. All citizens, no matter what office they hold, are subject what concept?
- 2. List the responsibilities of citizenship.
- 3. List the obligations of citizenship.
- 4. What conditions have to be met for someone to become a naturalized citizen?
- 5. Define the following Enlightenment ideas: majority rule, natural law, popular sovereignty, and social contract.
- 6. What is the separation of powers?
- 7. Thomas Paine's Common Sense, Mayflower Compact, Magna Carta, English Bill of Rights
- 8. What were the weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation?
- 9. What were some of the concerns Colonists had about the British monarch leading to the Declaration of Independence?
- 10. What does the Preamble to the Constitution outline or state?
- 11. What document describes the powers of the President and the Congress?
- 12. Marbury v. Madison established what principle? Explain the principle.
- 13. Why did the Founding Fathers allow the constitution to be amended?
- 14. Which branch of the government can declare war?
- 15. Why was the Bill of Rights added to the Constitution?
- 16.What are the five freedoms outlined in the 1<sup>st</sup> amendment? And in what document are they located?
- 17. What does "freedom ... of the press" ensure?
- 18. Why was 3<sup>rd</sup> Amendment written?
- 19. What is the process to amend the US Constitution?
- 20.What was the initial impact of 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment? Who has been affected by it since?
- 21. What was the impact of the 19<sup>th</sup> Amendment?
- 22. What was the impact of passing the 24<sup>th</sup> Amendment?
- 23. What are the two main political parties in the U.S.? What are some popular third parties?
- 24. What are the propaganda techniques a campaign may use to advertise its candidate?
- 25. What are PACs? What do they do?
- 26. What is the mass media's role with concern to governmental activities?
- 27. How many people typically serve on a jury?
- 28. What is the difference between civil and criminal courts?
- 29. What is the job of an appellate court?
- 30. What is a writ of certiorari?
- 31. How does a bill become a law?
- 32. Which governing body confirms presidential appointees?
- 33. Civil Rights: Brown v Board of Education, Rosa Parks and the Birmingham Bus Boycott,
  - 14<sup>th</sup> Amendment